

WILLIAM & MARY LAW SCHOOL VIRGINIA COASTAL POLICY CENTER



Resilience Collaborative



Resilience Adaptation Feasibility Tool

PRESENTATION TO NORTHAMPTON COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION JANUARY 16, 2019



THE RAFT GOAL



To help Virginia's coastal localities improve resilience to flooding and other coastal storm hazards while remaining economically and socially viable.



Cape Charles, June2017

THE RAFT FUNDING

National Fish and Wildlife Foundation (NFWF)

Virginia Environmental Endowment (VEE)

Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) Coastal Zone Management Program (CZM)

Anonymous

Virginia Sea Grant









Virginia Coastal Zone

THE RAFT TEAM

- The RAFT was born of a multi-disciplinary academic partnership.
- Our Core Team:
 - University of Virginia
 - Institute for Environmental Negotiation
 - William & Mary Law School
 - Virginia Coastal Policy Center
 - Old Dominion University
 - Virginia Sea Grant Resilience Program



THE RAFT PROCESS

1. Scorecard

Resilience Assessment

2. Community Workshop Resilience Action Checklist

3. Implementation Ongoing Assistance



THE SCORECARD

1. LEADERSHIP, POLICY AND COLLABORATION

2. RISK ASSESSMENT AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

- **3. INFRASTRUCTURE RESILIENCE**
- **4. PLANNING FOR RESILIENCE**

5. COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT, HEALTH, AND WELL BEING

4.2 COASTAL RESILIENCY IN COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

DESCRIPTION

A comprehensive plan is a locality's vision for future land use, development, adaptation, and resilience. Coastal resilience can be addressed in comprehensive plans by incorporating elements such as green infrastructure, open space preservation, infill development, the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP), the Community Rating System (CRS), and stormwater management. The ideal comprehensive plan identifies equity and the need to identify and support socially vulnerable populations as a priority for resilience, as well as a priority preference for restoration, green infrastructure and connectivity.

LOCALITY ACTIONS

- 4.2.a: Locality staff, residents, stakeholders, and others are involved in creating the comprehensive plan.
- 4.2.b: Locality recognizes coastal resilience as an issue for consideration in the comprehensive plan, and gathers information (either by conducting its own studies and analysis, or locating other sources) to develop strategies to enhance its coastal resilience.
- 4.2.c: The comprehensive plan identifies natural resources that help mitigate flooding, and provides strategies to preserve and protect such resources from risks associated with coastal storm hazards.
- 4.2.d: The comprehensive plan identifies critical infrastructure necessary for essential services, and provides strategies to protect such infrastructure from risks associated with coastal storm hazards.

SCORING

- 1 point The comprehensive plan discusses how community engagement around coastal resilience informed the plan.
- 1 point The comprehensive plan includes clear discussion of coastal resilience and coastal storm hazards, and incorporates assessments to inform the development of policies to reduce vulnerability to coastal storm hazards.
- 1 point The comprehensive plan includes goals and objectives for preserving and protecting natural resources that mitigate coastal storm hazards.
- 1 point The comprehensive plan addresses impacts on critical infrastructure and essential services from coastal storm hazards, particularly for impacts affecting socially vulnerable populations.

DATA SOURCES	LOCALITY SCORE
Comprehensive Plan.	1/4 POINTS

ANNING FOR RESILIENCE

WHAT IS HAPPENING NOW?





Photo Credit: NASA

Larry Atkinson, CCPO, Old Dominion University

NORTHAMPTON: MODERATE STORM SURGE – CURRENT CONDITIONS



Commonwealth of Virginia Storm Surge Inundation Maps





NORTHAMPTON INUNDATION VULNERABILITY





WHAT TO EXPECT OF COASTAL INUNDATION (SEA LEVEL RISE)BY 2040BY 2065BY 2100

1ft. (lowest) to 1.9 ft. (highest)	1.9 ft. (lowest) to 4ft. (highest)	3.2 ft. (lowest) to 7.4 ft. (highest)
The southern end of Bay Ave and Randolph Ave to Harbor Street is at a high risk due to low elevation	Most of the western portion from Jefferson Avenue to Mason Avenue as far east as Strawberry Street is at risk of flooding to due low elevation	Most of the historic district will be submerged, including: Bay Avenue , Randolph Avenue , Monroe Avenue and Harbor St. , Plum St.
	The area around Plum and Madison Ave and the southern portion of Plum Street to Tazewell Avenue is also at risk	Madison Avenue experiencing the highest amount of flooding

2040 STORM SURGE (HIGH-INTENSITY STORM EVENT)

- This shows a high intensity storm surge projection (Category 2 and 3 hurricanes with maximum winds between 95 and 115 mph) for 2040.
- The water depth ranges from 1-2 ft. to 5-6 ft. in the Historic District, and up to 8-10 ft. in the harbor, coastal dunes and northern peninsula.



Coastal Resilience, Virginia Eastern Shore

SMITH BEACH: MODERATE STORM SURGE – 2065



OYSTER: MODERATE STORM SURGE - 2065



WILLIS WHARF: MODERATE STORM SURGE – 2065



BATTLE POINT: MODERATE STORM SURGE – 2065



NORTHAMPTON SCORECARD : TOP 5 STRENGTHS

SECTION	SCORE
Locality Leadership and Planning for Resilience	4/4
Hazard Mitigation	4/4
Critical Transportation Infrastructure	4/4
Budget, Funding, and State & Federal Assistance	4/4
Providing Coastal Resilience Information to the Public	4/4

PRIMARY OPPORTUNITIES

SECTION	SCORE	WAYS TO IMPROVE
2.1 Flood Exposure and Vulnerability Assessment	1/4	Complete a flood exposure and vulnerability assessment that includes maps .
2.3 Business and Economic Risk Assessment	2/4	Provide programs for small businesses for emergency preparation and business continuity.
3.1 Stormwater Infrastructure	1/4	Provide incentives for private property activities that manage stormwater and demonstrational BMPs on public property for stormwater education.
3.5 Natural and Nature-Based Features	1/4	Create a green infrastructure plan that outlines use of natural and nature-based features to enhance coastal resilience.

PRIMARY OPPORTUNITIES

SECTION	SCORE	WAYS TO IMPROVE
3.3 Water Supply and Wastewater Management Services	0/4	Update water supply plan to include coastal hazards and dangers they pose to potable water .
4.2 Coastal Resilience in Comprehensive Plan	2/4	Provide clear discussion in comprehensive plan of coastal resilience and discuss strategies to mitigate coastal hazards .
5.1 Public Involvement in Resilience Planning	2/4	Adopt a written policy statement regarding the roles of residents, commercial, and other stakeholders in coastal resilience.

Northampton Resilience Actions CHECKLIST

Project	Why this is important
Conduct tour for County Administrators, Planners, Staff, Wetlands Boards, etc.	Tour of both bayside and oceanside natural areas and Best Management Practices (BMPs) to demonstrate what resilient natural systems look like - now scheduled for April 2019
Conduct information sessions with the Planning Commission + Board of Supervisors	Share information about resilience with these groups to help inform the new Comp Plan
Identify areas for tree planting	Identify spaces on both ocean and bay sides where County and others can slow erosion & sedimentation
Create mapping	Create 5 maps to support decision-making – showing risks to vulnerable populations, cultural and natural resources, economic resources, other key county resources
Coordinate preparedness meetings	Share information with County residents about preparedness, through meetings and distribution venues (website or in-person events)
Establish a basic need list	Gather baseline information and what is currently being done to determine needs for water, shelter, food, medicine, etc.
Organize a Task Force For Vulnerable Populations	Identify different types of risks for vulnerable populations and customize the message for those groups

How The RAFT Can Help With GROUND WATER



The RAFT Helps By Identifying These Gaps in Northampton County Drinking Water Resilience:

- Conduct assessment of drinking water supply both public and private well owners – to identify vulnerabilities to coastal storm hazards
- Expand water supply plan to address coastal flooding impacts on safe drinking water supply
- Conduct resident education program on safe drinking water preand post-event for public health and safety
- Establish communication with private well and water system owners to protect and increase water system resiliency



How The RAFT Can Help With Protecting Natural Resources



The RAFT Helps By Identifying These Gaps in Northampton County Natural Resources Resilience

- Identify natural and nature-based features (NNBF) that are protective and can assist with coastal resilience
- Develop plans and policies that use NNBF to enhance coastal resilience
- Conduct a flood vulnerability assessment every 5 years and use it in developing policy and programs
- Identify sources of flooding (tidal, and precipitation driven) and update every 5 years
- Identify and map flooding probability
- Fund actions that implement the NR Preservation Plan

How The RAFT Can Help With Economic Vitality



The RAFT Helps By Identifying These Gaps in Northampton County Economic Resilience

- Emergency preparedness program for small businesses, particularly those serving the socially vulnerable.
- Emergency communication plan with business sector
- Incentives for private property activities that manage storm-water.
- Comp plan discusses resilience and coastal storm hazards, includes assessments to inform policies and reduce vulnerability.
- Comp plan addresses impacts of coastal hazards on critical infrastructure and essential services.
- Written policy on role of different stakeholders in coastal resilience, including businesses.

Total RAFT Score Comparison



Section 1. Cross-Locality Comparison



Section 2. Cross-Locality Comparison



Section 3. Cross-Locality Comparison





Section 4. Cross-Locality Comparison

Section 5. Cross-Locality Comparison



NEXT STEPS

Implement the Resilience Action Checklist



Northampton Resilience Actions - NEXT STEPS

PROJECT IDEA	Next Steps
Conduct Tour for County Administrators, Planners, etc.	Tour scheduled for April, coordinator Dot Field/DCR.
Conduct information sessions with the Planning Commission + Board of Supervisors	Tonight! Presentation to BOS date still TBD.
Identify areas for tree planting	Staff working with Public Works to do this.
Create mapping	Mapping underway by UVA grad students.
Coordinate preparedness meetings	Implementation Team identifying best community events for distribution.
Establish a basic need list	Implementation Team working to determine best path forward.
Organize a Task Force For Vulnerable Populations	Implementation Team working with Community Partners of the Eastern Shore (CPES) to identify vulnerable populations and distribute messages.

THE RAFT CORE TEAM

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